

HOSPITAL EXPOSURE WORKSHEET FOR SURCHARGE CALCULATION

Name of Hospital: _____

License No: _____

Attach a list of the following:

- (1) All facilities and/or services operated under the hospital license, as identified on the Department of Health Application for License to Operate a Hospital;
- (2) All assumed business names used by the hospital;
- (3) All employed physicians included in this coverage along with their specialty class code and surcharge computation;

Any entity, person or activity not identified in this surcharge worksheet may not be included in the hospital's coverage with the Patient's Compensation Fund.

CATEGORY	EXPOSURE	MANUAL	TOTAL
Provide # of Beds			Category x Manual=Total
	Hospital (Acute care and Intensive Care)	916	
	Mental Health/Rehabilitation	458	
	Extended Care/Intermediate Care/Residential	46	
	Nursing Home/Critical Extended Care	458	
	Health Institution/Assisted Living/Other	183	
	Bassinets	916	
# of Visits (in 100s)			
	Emergency Room	91.61	
	Clinics/Others	45.81	
	Mental Health/Rehabilitation	22.90	
	Health Institution	18.32	
	Home Health Care	45.81	
Provide # of Surgeries/Births (in 100s)			
	Births	3,664.47	
	Outpatient Surgeries	91.61	
	Inpatient Surgeries	1,832.23	
Employed* Physicians Sharing Limits	100% of Specialty Code		
		SUB-TOTAL	

	Lack of Risk Management Program	10% Penalty x sub-total	
	Hospital with > 500 beds	3% multiplier of subtotal	
		TOTAL DUE	

Definitions:

Hospital Bed-licensed hospital beds usually on a short term basis for patients who are in need of acute medical treatment and skilled nursing care 24 hours a day (Intensive diagnostic and invasive treatment for acute illness)

Mental Health/Mental and Physical Acute Rehab bed- Care, diagnosis, and treatment for acute psychiatric, emotionally challenged, and physical handicapped patients needing 24 hour supervision, assistance and treatment.

Extended Care/Intermediate/Residential bed- non-acute occasional incidental medical and emergency assistance to residents living independently in retirement apartments and communities. Facilities provided with security and emergency call boxes.

Nursing Home/Critical Extended Care bed- A step-down from acute medical care for patients still needing 24 hour nursing care usually for an extended or long term basis. Skilled care services needed such as medication administration, tube feeding, injections, cauterizations and other procedures ordered by a physician.

Health Institution/Assisted Living/Other bed- Sub-acute minor health care and related personal services to assist residents on an ongoing and regular basis. Minor nursing care and assistance in such activities as laundry, meal preparations, bathing, social functions.

*Employed physician- a physician is considered an employee for PCF purposes if the hospital withholds and pays Social Security and Medicare taxes and pays unemployment tax on wages paid to the employee. If a physician is treated as an independent contractor for tax purposes then he/she can not be considered an employee for PCF purposes.

Visit- is "the total number of visits to any covered facilities by outpatients (patients not receiving bed & board services) during the policy period. The unit of exposure is 'each 100 visits'."

Health Institution- is "a risk with regular bed and board facilities, and laboratory or medical departments but no surgical operating room facilities."